NOTES ON THE MAGMA' (MEMENTA SANCTORUM) AND THE ATHANASIUS PRAYER IN THE COPTIC PSALMODIA*

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The book of the Coptic Psalmodia was edited for the first time by Raphael Tuki in 1764 (but without due respect to the original manuscripts)¹. Another edition by the higoumen Mina al-Baramûsî appeared in Alexandria in 1908. Later in the same year Claudius Labib made a new edition according to the manuscripts belonging to Pope Cyril V and Isaak bishop of Banî Sueif. A recent edition in 1949 was due to the efforts of the Association of the Church's renaissance, and contains several additional doxologies and hymns. Marco Brogi translated it to Italian².

This Book contains the Odes previously studied by Quecke; the Theotokia³, which are excellent witnesses to the Patristic literature; psalis, by anonymous authors or attributed to authors like Sarkis⁴, Nicodemus⁵, John of Assiut⁶, Hermina and Christodolus⁷.

In this article, we will discuss the Magma' (*mementa Sanctorum*). As all the Coptic liturgical texts, the manuscripts are late and the most important fragments are from the twelfth century from the Monastery of Saint Macarius and Saint Pischoi (see after).

Father Matta al-Maskin⁸, followed by Quecke⁹, assumed that the first three Odes form a unit and the Magma' was introduced later between the Prayer of the midnight and the Prayer of the dawn.

- * I would like to thank my colleague Madam Anne Boud'hors for facilitating my task in consulting the Manuscript Collection in the Bibliothèque Nationale de France.
 - ¹ Malak, "Livres Liturgiques", 1-35. Zanetti, "Liturgical Manuscripts", 65-94.
 - ² Cf. Brogi, Salmodia, 1-12.
 - ³ Youssef, "Relecture", 157-170, and, Id., "Severus of Antioch", 93-108.
 - ⁴ Youssef, "Recherches d'hymnographie", 383-402.
 - ⁵ Youssef, "Nicodème", 625-633.
 - ⁶ Youssef, "Jean évêque d'Assiut", 311-318.
 - ⁷ Youssef, "Recherches d'hymnographie 2" (forthcoming).
 - ⁸ Al-Maskin, *Al-Tasbiha*, 120.
 - ⁹ Quecke, Stundengebet, 185.

The description of Ibn Kabar

Shams al-Riyasah abu al-Barakat called Ibn Kabar¹⁰, who lived in the second part of the thirteenth century and died on Thursday 10 May 1324 AD¹¹, was a great writer. His book *The Lamp of darkness for the explanation of the Service* is considered as an encyclopaedia of all the ecclesiastical knowledge of his time¹². This book is divided into 24 chapters; Chapter sixteen gives a detailed description of the rite of the Coptic psalmodia in the fourteenth century, this chapter is not published in its integrity, however the part, which interests us was translated by Villecourt¹³. The fact that Ibn Kabar did not mention the Magma', leads us to believe that it was introduced after the composition of his book in 1320 AD.

The groups of saints commemorated in the Magma'

The saints commemorated in the *mementa sanctorum* could be grouped generally as follows:

- 1: Biblical saints: The cult of the Biblical Saint was widespread in Egypt. It includes the Virgin Mary, the Angels, the heavenly creatures, and the prophets of the Old and New Testament¹⁴.
- 2: Martyrs: It is important to mention that the number of the martyrs is greater than the number of the monks and bishops. This phenomenon occurs also in the papyrological data¹⁵. The martyrs of Middle and Upper Egypt are nearly absent such as Olympios the martyr of Qaw, Sarapamun the martyr and Hamay¹⁶. Basilides Cycle¹⁷ is highly represented, we can mention among them: Basilides, Apatir and Irai, Theodore, Victor son of Romanus, Claudius, Panicarus, Justus, Apoli, Macarius. The martyrs attributed to Julius of Akfahs are not mentioned except a few, i.e. Paese and Thecla, Apanoub, John and Simeon, they all belonged (except for Paese and Thecla) to the group of Lower Egypt which is a late composition¹⁸. The for-

¹⁰ Wadi, "Abu al-Barakat", 233-322.

¹¹ Cf. Coquin, "Ibn Kabar", 1349-1351. Khalil, "Manuscrit arabe", 179-188. Villecourt, *Muséon* 36 (1922), 267-268.

¹² Khalil, "L'encyclopedie", 629-655.

¹³ Villecourt, *Muséon 37* (1924), 227.

¹⁴ Papaconstantinou, Le culte, 230-231.

¹⁵ Papaconstantinou, Le culte, 233-235.

¹⁶ Coquin, "Le synaxaire", 361-362.

¹⁷ Winstedt, Coptic Texts, I-XXVII.

¹⁸ Youssef, Jules d'Akfahs, 63-222.

eign martyrs are highly represented such as George, Philopater Mercurius, Jacob the Persian, Sergius and Bacchus, Bahnam and Sarah, John of Heraclia, Isidore, Panteleon, Sophia and Euphomia. This phenomenon is clearly perceived in the name of the churches of Old Cairo, except the churches of Saint Shenoute and Apa Cyr and John all the churches bear the names of foreign saints such as Saint Mercurius, Saint Barbarah, Saint George, Saint Theodore, Saint Sergius¹⁹.

- 3: Monks: Most of the monks commemorated here, are some what attached to the desert of Scetis, by their lives, relics, or have at least an icon, a wall painting or an altar dedicated to them hence we can find Samuel of Kalamun who started his monastic life in Saint Macarius monastery and Shenoute of Atrip who has an altar in the monastery of Saint Macarius. However the first generation of monks of Scetis like Sisoes, Athre, and Isaiah, those of the second generation like Carion and Zacharie, Eudemon Porphyrus, Silvanus, Mark and Zeno and those of the third generation like Achille, Alonios and Apollo are not represented in this *mementa sanctorum*²⁰. While monks from later generation like Abraham and George from the sixth century, John Kame from the ninth century are mentioned.
- 4: Later the Psalmodia of Kihak, which is more used, extended the list of saints to include several monks from Upper Egypt like Thomas from the desert of the Cedar, Macrobius, Hermina, Pitape and Andrew²¹.
 - It is clear that the compilation of the list of monks is of a late date, when the fame of the founders of the monasticism in Scetis had faded and that of the later saints took place. It is the same logic, which is found in the hymn of $\pi i \pi i \psi \uparrow$ which is post the fourteenth century.
- 5: Bishops and Patriarchs: Except the Bishops who were martyred, only two groups of bishops are mentioned in the *mementa sancto-rum*, the first are those who struggled for the orthodox faith, i.e. Athanasius, Severus and Dioscore. It is important to mention that the name of Severus of Antioch is always mentioned after Saint Mark in liturgical *mementa sanctorum* and the absolution, but here it is mentioned at the end of the text²². The second group are those

¹⁹ Coquin, Édifices chrétiens, 1-202.

²⁰ Guy, Apotegmes des Pères, 49-79. Youssef, "Contribution", 71-76.

²¹ Labib, ΨαλΜΟΔΙΑ, 556-557.

²² Youssef, "Severus of Antioch", 141-150.

to whom the liturgies used in the Coptic Church are attributed: Basil, Gregory and Cyril. It is important to mention that limiting the number of liturgies to three was decreed by Gabriel Ibn Turaik (1131-1145 AD)²³.

The grouping of saints shows clearly that the *memento sanctorum* was compiled in a late date after the decline of the Upper Egyptian Tradition concerning the martyrs and the decline of the fame of the early generations of the monks of Scetis except those whose relics are preserved or having a monastery, or altar named after them.

The Manuscripts

The *mementa sanctorum* is part of the manuscripts written after the sixteenth century but to our surprise it is missing in the old manuscripts, I will give examples from the manuscripts of collection of the monastery of Saint Macarius in Scetis and now preserved in the collection of the University and State library of Hamburg:

Hymn 18, from the eighteenth century²⁴.

Hymn 40 from the fifteenth-sixteenth century²⁵.

Hymn 63 from the eighteenth-nineteenth century²⁶.

Hymn 71 from the eighteenth-nineteenth century²⁷.

Hymn 86 from the sixteenth-seventeenth century²⁸.

Hymn 101 from the sixteenth-seventeenth century²⁹.

Hymn 104 from the eighteenth-nineteenth century³⁰.

Hymn 122 from the eighteenth-nineteenth century³¹.

Some examples of the psalmodies from the monastery of Saint Pischoi and now preserved in the collection of the University and State library at Hamburg show the same phenomenon.

Psalmodia 47 from the seventeenth-eighteenth century³². Psalmodia 48 from the nineteenth century³³.

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<sup>23</sup> Burmester, "The Canons", 5-45.
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²⁴ Cf. Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 378.

²⁵ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 419-420.

²⁶ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 444-449.

²⁷ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 461-462.

²⁸ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 505-507.

²⁹ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 530.

³⁰ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 541-542.

³¹ Störk, Koptische Handschriften, 583.

³² Burmester, Koptische Handschriften, 233.

³³ Burmester, Koptische Handschriften, 233.

Psalmodia 57 from the sixteenth-seventeenth century³⁴. Psalmodia 129 from the eighteenth century³⁵.

Some examples from the psalmodias prior to the sixteenth century, the *memento sanctorum* are missing:

Paris Bibliothèque Nationale de France Copte 69³⁶, and Copte 34³⁷. The collection of Psalmodias in Saint Macarius Library of late date contains the intercessions³⁸.

Conclusion

Consequently we can conclude that the *mementa sanctorum* is a late compilation for the following reasons:

- 1: It is not mentioned in the description of Ibn Kabar (fourteenth/ fifteenth century).
- 2: The grouping of saints was mainly compiled in the desert of Scetis, where many names of the desert fathers were missed while the names of later monks are included. The absence of the martyrs of the Upper Egyptian tradition shows that it was written after the disappearance of the Upper Egyptian rite.
- 3: The manuscripts containing the *memento sanctorum* are all of late date while the ancient manuscripts did not include them.

The remarks of Matta al-Maskin and Quecke were accurate and it seems that the *memento sanctorum* was introduced after the liturgical reforms of Gabriel V in the fifteenth century³⁹. Later the names of some local saints were introduced in the *memento sanctorum* of the psalmodia of the month of Kihak such as Hermina⁴⁰ or Pitape⁴¹.

The rite of the joyful Saturday, which contains the canticles including the first three odes, does not contain the *memento sanctorum*. This is an added confirmation to our conclusion.⁴²

³⁴ Burmester, Koptische Handschriften, 239.

³⁵ Burmester, Koptische Handschriften, 270.

³⁶ Delaporte, Catalogue, 70-71.

³⁷ Delaporte, *Catalogue*, 72-73.

³⁸ Zanetti, "Liturgical Manuscripts", 65-94 and especially 87-89.

³⁹ Abdallah, Oridinamento Liturgico, 43-44.

⁴⁰ Coquin, "Harmina", 1209a-1209b.

⁴¹ Coquin/Gabra, "Patape or Bidaba", 1907a-1908.

⁴² Burmester, *The Egyptian or Coptic Church*, 269-302; Sidarouss, "Paques Sainte", 3-43.

The praise of Athanasius

In the life of Saint John Kame, we read

аухос он еөвнтү нөөү пенішт еөоүав еүогі ератү еті еүерфалін нөөү нем нісиноу бем піехшрг он афоуонга нже пенішт авва афанасіос піапостолікос [...] афоуаг сагні инефшнрі ефроуерономагін мпенішт авва афанасіос бен пігумнос нте пі г налоу нагіос оуог сеірі мпефоуагсагні ща ебоун ефооу негооу еушоу мфф

Concerning our holy father, it is also told that while he stood singing with the brethren by night, our father Abba Athanasius the Apostolic appeared to him [...] and he (John Kame) commanded his children that they should name the name of our father Abba Athanasius in the hymn of the three Holy Children; and they do his bidding even unto the day of the days, to the glory to God⁴³.

Coquin commented on this event thus: "He seems to have had a particular devotion to Saint Athanasius, who is said to have appeared to him in a vision. He is supposed to have introduced the mention of his name in hymns."⁴⁴

The prayer of Athanasius has survived in a manuscript of the Bibliothèque Nationale de France Code Copte 4, which includes the psalms and biblical canticles.

Here is the description of Delaporte:

"Ms. de 210 feuillets; 28x21 cm; parchemin, sans date.

Ce manuscript est paginé au recto en chiffres occidentaux; au verso, en letters coptes (nombres pairs); le dernier feuillet est coté $\overline{\gamma}$ [462]; les cahiers, de 16 pages, sont cotés par première et dernière avec, au milieu, un ornement rouge accompagné de mots abrégés; chaque page comporte 25 lignes de 16-20 lettres ... Acquis par Vansleb dont le cachet sur cire est empreint aux feuillets 1 et 209. Regius, 3333."45

We are not sure whether Vansleb bought it from Cyprus or Cairo. From the handwriting it seems that this manuscript belongs to the scriptorium of Saint Macarius and the palaeography shows that it was copied in the twelfth century. This hymn is also known in the Sahidic version⁴⁶.

⁴³ Davis, Life, [41].

⁴⁴ Coquin, "John Kama", 1362b-1363b.

⁴⁵ Delaporte, *Catalogue*, 5-6 N° 7.

⁴⁶ Quecke, *Stundengebet*, 416-423 and 428-429.

The prayer occurs on the folio $\overline{\gamma}\overline{M}\overline{\Theta}$

пігмс итє авва афанасіос піар \bar{x} нєпіскопос

⁴⁷ ογωογ⁴⁸ ≴εν νηετδοςι ν ф† иєм оугірнин гіжей піказі нем оутмат бен ніршмі тенашс ерок тенсмоу ерок тєпщемщі ммок τενογωωτ μμοκ τενογω? Νακ εβολ τενςλχι μπεκωογ⁵²τενωεπ?μοτ ντοτκ εθ **в**ε πεκνιω† νωογ πδο πιογρο⁵⁵ ετ2ιχεν νιφηογ і фф фішт піпантокра тшр пхс пішнрі ммау ати ммоногенис ніс $\overline{\mathsf{NXC}} \, \mathsf{NEM} \, \overline{\mathsf{MINNA}} \, \varepsilon \Theta \mathsf{OYAB}^{58}$ $\pi \overline{6} \overline{c} \phi \uparrow \pi i$ інв итє $\phi \uparrow \pi i$ шнрі мтє фішт фнє **ΨΑΙ ΝΝΙΝΟΒΙ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΚΟ** мос наі нні⁶⁰ фнетшаі мфиові итє пікосмос ωεπ πεντ20 εροκ ΦΗ етгемсі саоуінам мпец IWT NAI NAN

The Ode of Abba Athanasius the Archbishop

Glory to God in the heights and peace upon earth and good-will among men⁴⁹. We praise you we bless you we serve you we worship⁵⁰ you we confess you⁵¹ we declare your Glory⁵³ we give thanks to you for your great glory⁵⁴. Lord, King, who are over the heavens⁵⁶, God the Father the almighty⁵⁷. Lord, the unique son the only begotten, Jesus Christ⁵⁹, and the Holy Spirit Lord, God, the Lamb of God, the Son of the Father, who takes away the sin of the World, have mercy upon me⁶¹, you who takes the sin of the World receive to you our supplication⁶². Who sits at the right of His Father, have mercy upon us⁶³

⁴⁷ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 adds in the beginning "μαρενζώς νεμ Νιαγγελος χε" "Let us praise with the angels saying:"

⁴⁸ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 adds "мф†" "to God".

⁴⁹ Lk 2:14.

 $^{^{50}}$ Abd Al-Masih Salib, $\pi \iota x \omega \mathit{m}, 339.$ For this edition cf. Zanetti, "Esquisse", 407-418.

⁵¹ Mt 10:32, Lk 12:8, Rom 10:10.

⁵² Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 reads "≴εν πεκωογ".

⁵³ Ps 71:8, 108:5; Dan 3:52-53.

⁵⁴ Ps 104:1; Rev 11:17.

⁵⁵ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 reads "πογρο".

⁵⁶ Is 37:16; Rev 15:11.

⁵⁷ Gen 1:17; Rev 16:17.

⁵⁸ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 reads "εΘγ".

⁵⁹ Jn 1:18; 1Jn 4:9.

⁶⁰ Burmester, Horologion, 131, 232 reads "Nan".

⁶¹ Lk 7:13; Jn 1:29, 36.

⁶² Rev 15:4.

⁶³ Heb 8:1; Eph 1:20.

NӨОК ММА γ АТК ε ӨО γ А B^{64} иөок ммауатк еөбосі⁶⁵ $\overline{\mathsf{LQC}}$ IHC $\overline{\mathsf{LZC}}$ NEM $\overline{\mathsf{LLL}}$ $\epsilon \Theta O \gamma \lambda B^{66} \epsilon \gamma \omega O \gamma^{67} M \varphi \uparrow$ фішт амни тиасмоу єрок ммниі ммн иі тиасмоу епекраи е Θ OYAB⁶⁸ WA ENEZ NEM WA ENE2 NTE NIENE270 ICXEN XWP2 A ПА $\overline{\Pi}$ $\overline{\Pi}$ $\overline{\Pi}$ $\overline{\Pi}$ WWPП **ΜΜΟ** ΘΕΙ 2 ΆΡΟΚ ΦΤ ΧΕ γληογωίνι νε νεκογλ? сары ріжен пікарі наі Ермелетан 21 некмшіт ∡ε λκωωπι ΝΗΙ ΝΟΥΒΟ нөос занатооуі пбс екесштем етасми фирп ејета201 награк екенау ерогарі катазіоін пбс арег ерон ≾ен паікеє200y фаі ен оі набиові ксамаршоүт пбс ф† нтє неню ткергочо сма ρωογτ ογος αμές νω ογ ναε πεκράν εθογάβ ша итенез амни мареф шшпі нже пекны езрні ехин пбс ката фрнф етанерзеапіс ерок пбс **Χ**Ε ΝΕΝΒ**λ**λ ΝΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ

for you only are the Holy you only are exalted Lord Jesus Christ and the Holy Spirit unto glory of God the Father. Amen.

I will bless you day by day I will bless your holy name forever and ever⁶⁹.

Since night my soul has hastened to come to you, God, for your commandments are lights on the earth⁷². I was meditating upon your ways for you became to me a helper. In the morning, Lord, you shall hear my voice early I shall present myself to you, that you shall see me⁷³. Make us worthy, o Lord, to keep us in this day also sinless. Blessed are you, Lord, God of our Father, you are exceedingly⁷⁴ blessed; your holy Name is full of glory forever Amen⁷⁵. Let your mercy be upon us, Lord, as we have trusted you⁷⁶; for the eyes of everyone

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<sup>64</sup> Burmester, Horologion, 131, 232 reads "ε<del>Θ</del>γ".
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⁶⁵ Burmester, Horologion, 131, 232 reads "€т6осі".

⁶⁶ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 reads $,, \in \overline{\Theta \gamma}$.

⁶⁷ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 reads "εογωογ".

⁶⁸ Burmester, *Horologion*, 131, 232 reads $,, \in \overline{\Theta Y}$.

⁶⁹ Ps 145:2.

⁷⁰ Burmester, Horologion, 131, 232 adds "αμμη" "Amen".

⁷¹ Burmester, Horologion, 131, 232 reads "παπνεγμα".

⁷² Ps 119:15; Is 26:9.

⁷³ Ps 5:2-3, 59:16-17, 63:6-7.

⁷⁴ Ps 119:12. The Third Ode: al-Baramousi, ψαλμολία, 58.

⁷⁵ Ps 72:19.

⁷⁶ Ps 33:20-22.

ceep2ελπις εροκ πδ̄̄̄ же нөөк сөнат итоүх ρε νωογ ≾εν πομογ ν тис сштем ерои ф† пєнсштнр †2єлпіс ите аүрнда мпкагі тира иоок де пбс екеарег ерои екенагмен евох итотц мпаіхшоу фаі нем ща €N€2 ксмаршоүт пбс матса воі єнекмеюмні ксма ρωούτ πδς μακά τη η η енекмеөмні ксмарш ογτ πδς μαφογωικί ині ємєкмєюмні пбс пекны фоп фа енез иізвноуі итє некхіх πδς μπερχαγ νς ωκ пбс акфшпі нні ноуман φωτ ις σεν σωογ ωλ χωογ ανοκ αίχος χε пбс наі нні матоудо ита үхн де а і єриові ерок пбс аіфшт гарок нагмет матсавоі єірі мпетегиак же нөок πε πανογή асгарог иже тмоүмг ите πωης క్షలు πεκογωίνι πδς ενεναγ εογωι иімареці иже иєкнаі иинетсфоүи ммок

trust you, o Lord, for you shall give to them their food at the time of giving it⁷⁷. Hear us God our Saviour, the hope of the ends of all the earth⁷⁸. For you, Lord, shall keep us and shall save us from this generation and forever⁷⁹. Blessed are you, o Lord, teach me your righteousness80. Blessed are you, o Lord, give me intelligence in your righteousness⁸¹. Blessed are you Lord, enlighten me in your Righteousness⁸². Lord, your mercy endures forever. The works of your hands do not leave them behind you⁸³. Lord, you became a place of refuge from generation to generation⁸⁴. I said: Lord, have mercy upon me, heal my Soul, for I have sinned against you⁸⁵. Lord, I have fled to you: save me and instruct me to do your will, for you are my God86. With me be the well of Life. In your light, Lord, we shall see light let your mercy come

to those who know you

⁷⁷ Ps 145:15.

⁷⁸ Ps 64:1.

⁷⁹ Ps 12:7.

⁸⁰ Ps 25:4; 118:12.64.

⁸¹ Ps 118:168.

⁸² Ps 118:130, 37:6.

⁸³ Ps 138:8.

⁸⁴ Ps 90:1.

⁸⁵ Ps 41:3.

⁸⁶ Ps 31:14, 143:9-10.

текмеемні иннетсоу των δεν πουγητ σερ ωλγ ΝλΚ ΝΧΕ ΠΙΟΜΟΥ чершау нак нже пігшс черпрепі нак нае піш ογ ϕ I WT NEM TWHPI NEM TITNA ебоуав фи етщоп ісдей фи нем тиоу нем ша е **ΝΕ2 ΔΜΗΝ**⁸⁹ αγιος ο θεος αγιος ιςχγρος αγιος αθανάτος ο εκ пароєноу гениноїс є ленсои нмас αγιος ο θεος αγιος ιςχγ ΡΟς ΑΓΙΟς ΑΘΑΝΑΤΟς о стауршенс те нмас ехенсои нмас αγιος ο θεος αγιος ιςχγ ρος αγίος αθανάτος ο анастасіс то некршн κε ανέλθων τις ογρα ΝΟΥС ΕλΕΗСΟΝ ΗΜΑС ΔΟΣΑ ΠΑΤΡΙ ΚΕ 10 ΚΕ ΑΓΙΟΥ ΠΝΑΤΙ ΚΕ ΝΥΝ ΚΑΙ ΑΙ ΚΕ ic toyc ewnac ton e WNON AMHN агіа тріас єхнсон нмас αγια τριας έληςον ημας агіа тріас єхнсон нмас τρις αγρίε λεης ον күрієлєнсон күріє лєнсом [...]

and your righteousness to those who are upright in their heart⁸⁷. To you befit the praise⁸⁸. To you befit the hymn. To you is due the glory. The Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit, who is from the beginning and now and forever Amen⁹⁰. Holy God, holy mighty Holy immortal who was Born from the Virgin Have mercy upon us Holy God⁹¹, holy mighty Holy immortal Who had been crucified for us Have mercy upon us Holy God, holy mighty Holy immortal Who rose from the dead and ascended into Heavens have mercy upon us Glory be to the Father, and to the Son and to the Holy Spirit both now and always and unto the age of the

87 Ps 36:9-10.

ages Amen.

Holy Trinity have mercy upon us

Holy Trinity have mercy upon us

Holy Trinity have mercy upon us

Three time holy, have mercy

Lord, have mercy, Lord,

have mercy [...]

⁸⁸ Ps 65:1

⁸⁹ Burmester, *Horologion*, 137 (Text), 237 (Translation) adds nane ογωνς εβολ μπος εερψαλιν επέκραν πετδοςι επχινήιρι επέκναι νεανατοογί νέμ τεκμεθμηί κατα εχωρε. It is good to confess to the Lord, to sing to thy Exalter Name, to show forth thy Mercy in the morning and thy truth at night. Ps 92:1-2. This addition is not in the Greek text.

⁹⁰ Ps 92:1-2.

⁹¹ For this hymn cf. Youssef, "Notes", 147-159.

Commentary

This prayer is a combination of three prayers, the first is called in the actual Horologion⁹² the "*Praise of the Angels*." It is used in the Greek and the Coptic rites for the morning prayers⁹³, the second is the *Vouch-safe* for the evening prayer⁹⁴, and finally the *Trisagion* with the socalled monophysite addition.

The Palestinian Syriac Horologion, dated 1187/1888 AD, and written by a Syrian Chalcedonian, calls this hymn: "the hymn of the angels."95 It is formed from the praise of the angels and the *Vouchsafe*. The text is followed by this: "*Say:* Holy God. etc". It seems that the scribe of this manuscript assumed that this hymn is known to everybody and so there is no need to repeat it here.

The Greek *Mega Horologion* includes this text also with the *Trisagion*⁹⁶ the title is the "Doxology" or the "Little doxology"⁹⁷. There is no attribution to the text.

We can see that this text is known to both chalcedonian and non-chalcedonian churches. It was written in Coptic, Syriac and Greek.

The text is full of biblical quotations, mainly from the book of the Psalms, which is the Prayer book *par excellence* for the monastic milieu in Egypt since the fourth century⁹⁸.

As the life of John Kame and the Psalter of the BnF belong to the same scriptorium (of Saint Macarius — Scetis) and to nearly the same date, it would be possible to conclude that the life of John of Kame makes allusion to the above mentioned prayer.

In the previous part, we came to conclusion that the magma' (*memento sanctorum*) was introduced in the Coptic Psalmodia starting from the fifteenth century, hence the psalmodia of midnight ends with the praise of the Three young men.

According to our text that the brethren (in the monastery of John Kame) were singing the hymn of the three young men and Saint Athanasius appeared to Saint John Kame. Hence we may deduce that the monks of that monastery were ending the midnight psalmodia and were about to start the dawn praise with the prayer of Saint Athanasius.

⁹² Burmester, Horologion, 131-134, 232-233, 154.

⁹³ Abd al-Masih, "Doxoligies", 107-109.

⁹⁴ Burmester, *Horologion*, 136-137, 237, 68.

⁹⁵ Black, *Horologion*, fol. 99b-102b, 91 (Translation), 300-304 (Text).

⁹⁶ Horologion, 216-217.

⁹⁷ Liturgikon, 60-62.

⁹⁸ Taft, Liturgy of the Hours, 58-73.

John Kame then established a new tradition to mention the name of Saint Athanasius. It seems that this tradition was developed later and forming the beginning of the magma' (*memento sanctorum*) which will take its final form by the fifteenth century.

General conclusion

The magma' was introduced between the first three odes and the fourth one in the fifteenth century. The beginning took place first in Scetis as it is mentioned in the life of John Kame.

This conclusion will help to date the fragments of the manuscripts of the Coptic psalmodia, and it contributes to our knowledge of the development of the rite of the Coptic Church.

The attribution to Saint Athanasius of the prayers of the "*Praise of the Angels*" and the "*Vouchsafe*" is probable.

For the following reasons:

- 1 This prayer is shared between chalcedonian and non-chalcedonian.
- 2 It is full of Biblical mainly from the book of Psalms, which is the prayer book for the monks since the fourth century.
- 3 It is addressed to the Father, to the Son through to the Holy Spirit, which reflects a Nicene background.
- 4 The Trisagion developed separately in each tradition.

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